

UNESCO COPYRIGHTS LAWS

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PROJECT WORKSHOP



WHAT UNESCO IS? WHAT DOES IT DO?

The United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) was born on 16 November 1945. UNESCO works to create the conditions for dialogue among civilizations, cultures and peoples, based upon respect for commonly shared values. UNESCO works to preserve humanity's irreplaceable riches: its **diversity** and **shared heritage**



United Nations
Educational, Scientific and
Cultural Organization

WHAT DOES UNESCO HERITAGE SITE MEAN?

A World Heritage Site is a landmark or area which has been officially recognized by UNESCO. Sites are selected on the basis of having cultural, historical, scientific or some other form of significance, and they are legally protected by international treaties. UNESCO regards these sites as being important to the collective interests of humanity. To be included on the World Heritage List, sites must be of outstanding universal value and meet at least one out of ten selection criteria. Go to <http://whc.unesco.org/en/criteria/> and read criteria.



UNESCO WORLD HERITAGE SITES LIST

Go to <http://whc.unesco.org/en/list/> : you find an interactive world map and a list of UNESCO World heritage Sites, Check the ones in your country.

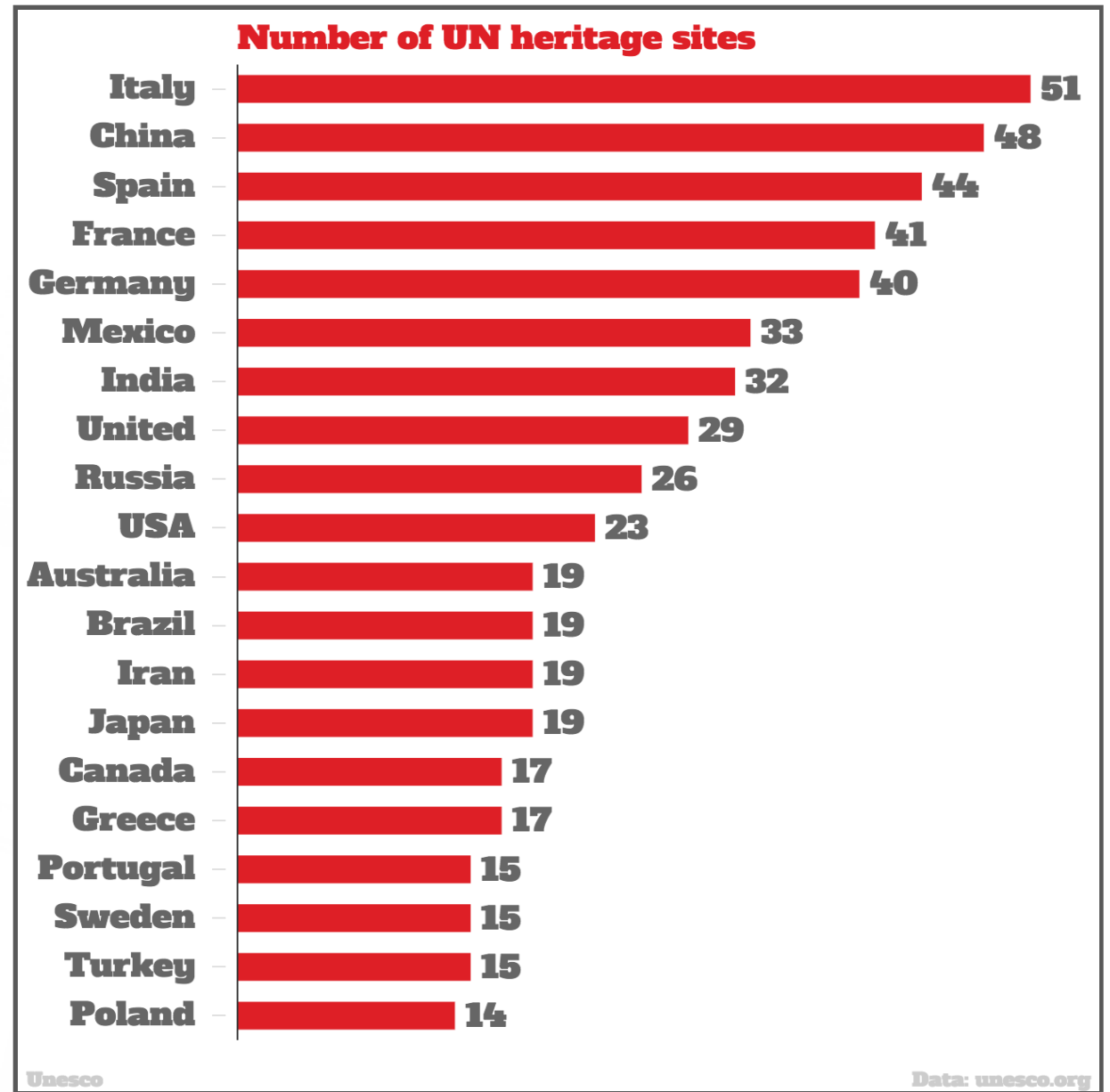
Do you know some UNESCO World Heritage Sites in your country? Have you ever visited one? If you did please describe to us.



UNESCO WORLD HERITAGE SITES IN ITALY

Did you know that Italy has more World Heritage Sites than any other country on Earth? And we are rightly proud of this! This is a clear mark of the cultural and geographic richness of our nation. In Italy you can visit **51** heritage sites on 1031 in the whole world (around 5% of the total), you have to add to this number **five** more sites shared with other countries (Vatican, Switzerland, Slovenia and Croatia).

YOU'RE LUCKY CAUSE IN YOUR 5 DAYS' STAY IN ITALY, YOU WILL VISIT **4** WORLD HERITAGE SITES!



HISTORIC CENTRE OF NAPLES



ARCHAEOLOGICAL AREA OF POMPEI



18TH-CENTURY ROYAL PALACE AT CASERTA WITH THE PARK

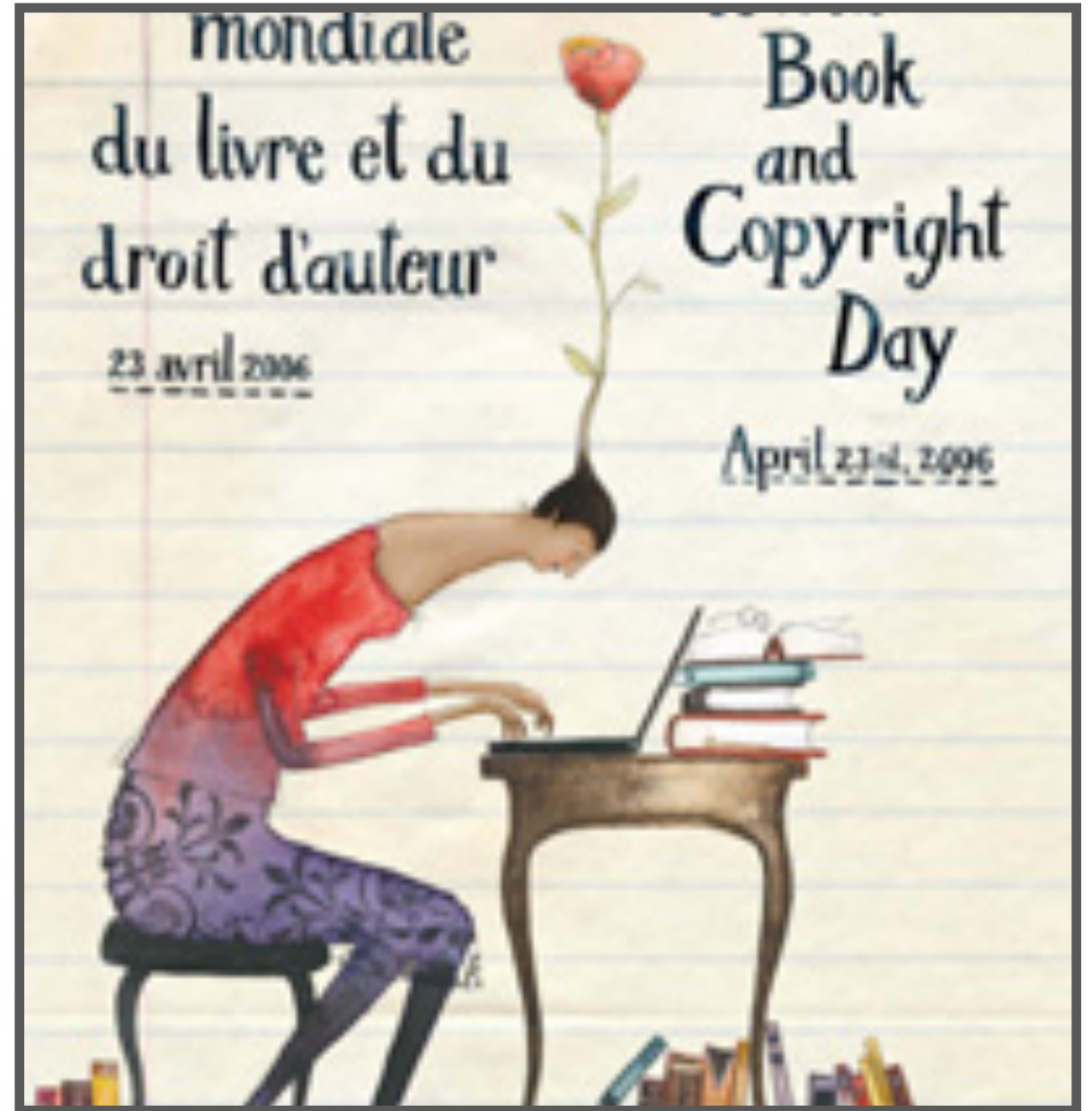


THE SAN LEUCIO COMPLEX



HOW UNESCO PROTECT COPYRIGHT?

Committed to promoting copyright protection since its early days (the Universal Copyright Convention was adopted under UNESCO's aegis in 1952), UNESCO has over time grown concerned with ensuring general respect for copyright in all fields of creation and cultural industries. The digital revolution has not left copyright protection unaffected. UNESCO endeavours to make a contribution to the international debate on this issue, taking into account the development perspective and paying particular attention to the need of maintaining the fair balance between the interests of authors and the interest of the general public of access to knowledge and information.



DIVERSITY OF CULTURAL EXPRESSION

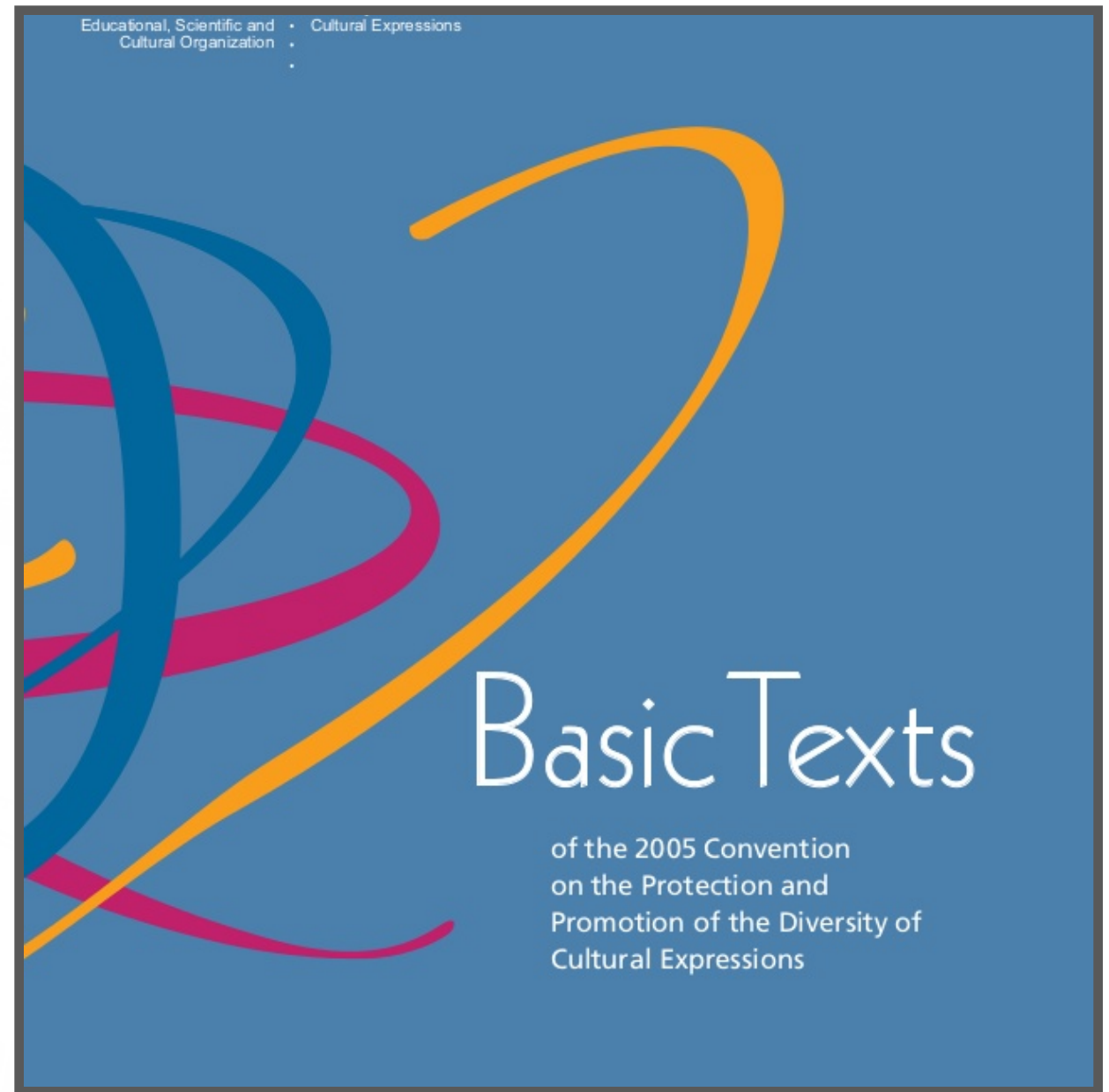
UNESCO conducts, in the framework of the **Global Alliance for Cultural Diversity**, awareness-raising and capacity-building projects, in addition to information, training and research in the field of copyright law. It is particularly involved in developing new initiatives to fight against piracy.

Visit: <http://en.unesco.org/creativity/>

to read the 2005 convention text and its objectives and scopes.



Diversity of
Cultural Expressions



THE WORLD ANTI-PIRACY OBSERVATORY: A UNESCO TOOL TO PROTECT COPYRIGHT

The UNESCO World Anti-Piracy Observatory is a web-based platform that aims to provide comprehensive and up-to-date information concerning anti-piracy policies and measures implemented by UNESCO Member States. The Observatory provides:

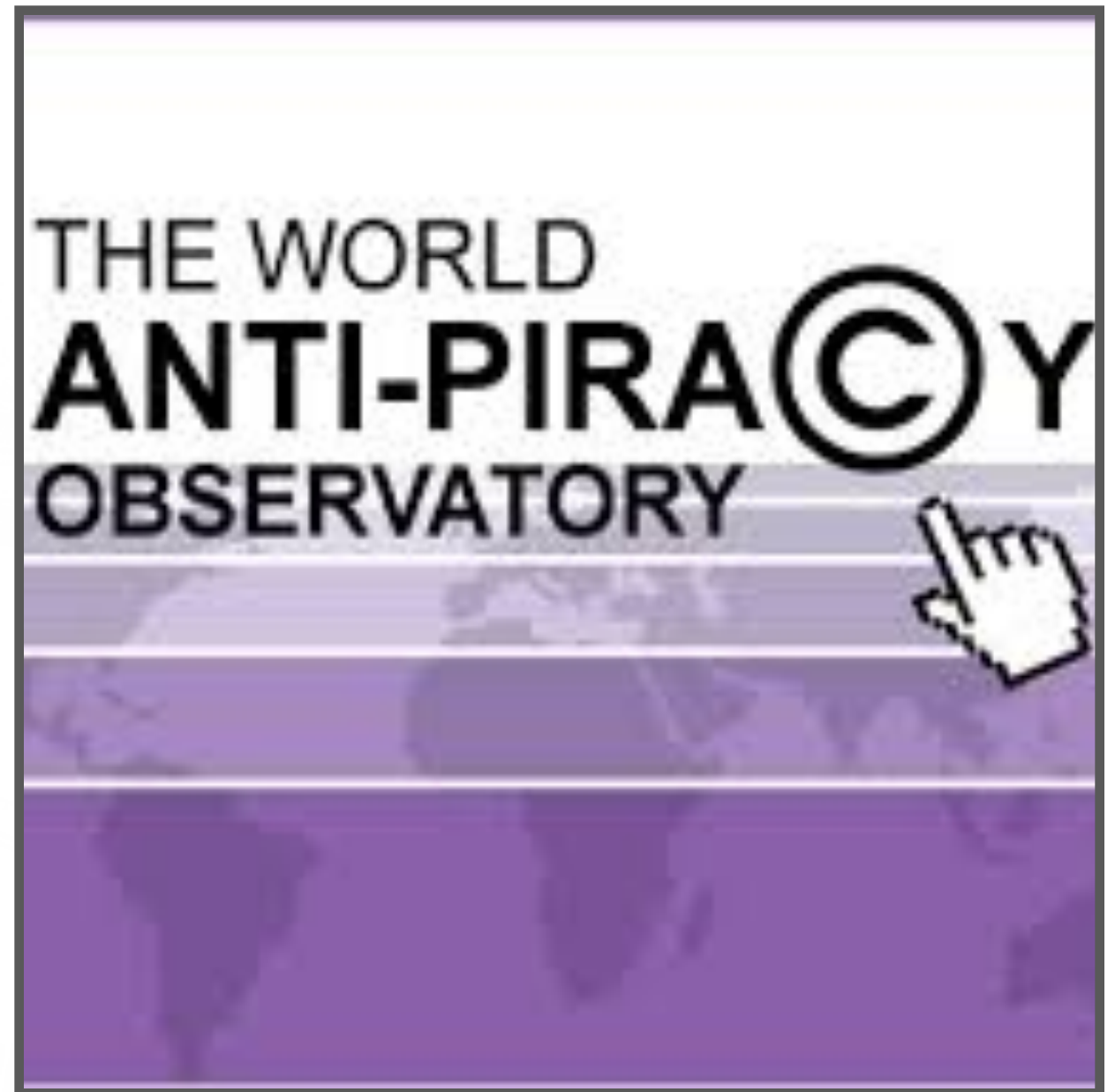
- A collection of national copyright laws and anti-piracy legislation;
- News and events pertaining to anti-piracy activities worldwide;
- Information on best practices in the field of anti-piracy;
- Awareness-raising initiatives and capacity-building tools for free and direct download and use.

Go to
<http://www.unesco.org/new/en/culture/themes/creativity/creative-industries/world-anti-piracy-observatory/topics/legislation/>

Check the antipiracy legislation. Is your country in the list? In group discuss which country has the most strict and severe antipiracy laws.

Visit also
<http://www.unesco.org/new/en/culture/themes/creativity/creative-industries/world-anti-piracy-observatory/resources/best-practices/>

And check if your country is in the list and why.



ENJOY UNESCO WORLD HERITAGE SITES AND RESPECT COPYRIGHT

Copyright protects 'works of a literary, scientific or artistic nature'.

Can copyright protect traditional cultural expressions ('folklore')? UNESCO's activities include the elaboration of the Model Provisions for National Laws on the Protection of Expressions of Folklore against Illicit Exploitation and other Prejudicial Actions in 1982

Protect your traditional culture from exploitation and be proud of it!

